#### **BY-LAWS**

OF

# BUFFALO ERIE NIAGARA LAND IMPROVEMENT CORPORATION

#### <u>ARTICLE I – PURPOSES AND POWERS</u>

The purposes of the Corporation shall be as set forth in the Certificate of Incorporation. The Corporation shall have all of the powers and shall be subject to all of the duties provided by the Land Bank Act (Article 16 of the Not-for-Profit Corporation Law) and all other applicable laws and to the terms and conditions of the Intermunicipal Agreement among Erie County, The City of Buffalo, The City of Lackawanna and the City of Tonawanda dated March 29, 2012, as may thereafter be amended (the "Intermunicipal Agreement").

#### <u>ARTICLE II – OFFICES</u>

The principal office of the Corporation shall be at the Brisbane Building, 403 Main Street, Suite 602 Buffalo, New York 14203 or at such other address as the Corporation may designate, from time to time.

## <u>ARTICLE III – MEMBERS</u>

## Section 1. Members.

The Members of the Corporation shall be the County Executive of Erie County and the Mayor of the City of Buffalo.

#### Section 2. Meetings of Members.

Meetings of the Members may be called as provided in the Not-

for-Profit Corporation Law or upon agreement by the Members.

## Section 3. Quorum and Action by Members.

Except as otherwise expressly provided by these By-Laws in respect to the appointment of Directors, both Members must be present in person or by proxy to constitute a quorum for the transaction of any business, and the affirmative vote of both Members, in person, by proxy, or by written consent, shall be required to take any action under this chapter. Action may be taken by the Members without a meeting on written consent, setting forth the action so taken, signed by all of the members entitled to vote thereon. Each such consent shall be filed with the Clerk of the Erie County Legislature and the Clerks of the Cities of Buffalo, Lackawanna and Tonawanda, as well as with the minutes of the Corporation.

#### Section 4. Proxies.

Each member entitled to vote at a meeting of Members or to the express consent or dissent without a meeting may authorize another person or persons to act for him by proxy.

#### ARTICLE IV – DIRECTORS

#### Section 1. Management of the Corporation.

The Corporation shall be managed by the Board of Directors, which shall consist of eleven directors as required by the Intermunicipal Agreement. [IMA §4.02.

# Section 2. No Compensation, Reimbursement for Expenses.

Board members shall serve without compensation. The Board may reimburse any member for expenses actually incurred in the performance of duties on behalf of the Corporation. [§1605(g)]

#### Section 3. Appointment of Directors.

The Board of Directors shall be constituted of eleven directors, as follows:

- 1. The Commissioner of Administration and Finance, Policy and Urban Affairs for the City of Buffalo
- 2. The Executive Director of Strategic Planning of the City of Buffalo
- 3. The Commissioner of Permit and Inspection Services of the City of Buffalo
- 4. The Corporation Counsel of the City of Buffalo
- 5. The General Manager of the Buffalo Sewer Authority
- 6. The Commissioner of Environment and Planning of the County of Erie
- 7. The Director of Real Property Services of the County of Erie
- 8. The County Attorney of Erie County
- 9. The City Assessor of the City of Lackawanna
- 10. The City Treasurer of the City of Tonawanda
- 11. The Western New York Regional Director of the Empire State Development Corporation

### Section 4. Service by Public Officers and Employees as Directors.

Any public officer shall be eligible to serve as a Director and the acceptance of the appointment shall neither terminate nor impair such public office. Any municipal employee or appointed officer shall be eligible to serve as a Director. [§1605(c)]

#### Section 5. Removal of Directors.

The Board shall establish rules and requirements relative to the attendance and participation of members in its meetings, regular or special. Such rules and

regulations may prescribe a procedure whereby, should any member fail to comply with such rules and regulations, such member may be disqualified and removed automatically from office by no less than a majority vote of the remaining members of the Board, and that member's position shall be vacant as of the first day of the next calendar month. Any person removed under the provisions of this paragraph shall be ineligible for reappointment to the Board, unless such reappointment is confirmed unanimously by the Board. [§1605(e)]

#### Section 6. Vacancies.

A vacancy on the Board shall be filled in the same manner as the original appointment.  $[\S1605(f)]$ 

#### Section 7. Action of the Board.

- (a) A majority of the members of the Board, not including vacancies, shall constitute a quorum for the conduct of business. All actions of the Board shall be approved by the affirmative vote of a majority of the members of that Board present and voting; provided, however, no action of the Board shall be authorized on the following matters unless approved by a majority of the total Board membership:
  - (1) adoption of by-laws and other rules and regulations for conduct of the Corporation's business;
  - (2) hiring or firing of any employee or contractor of the Corporation. This function may, by majority vote of the total Board membership, be delegated to a specified officer or committee of the Corporation, under such terms and conditions, and to the extent, that the Board may specify;
  - (3) the incurring of debt;
  - (4) adoption or amendment of the annual budget; and
  - (5) acquisition, sale, lease, encumbrance, or alienation of real property, improvements, or personal property.

[§1605(i)]

#### Section 8. Meetings.

The Board shall meet in regular session according to a schedule adopted by the Board, and also shall meet in special session as conveyed by the Chairman or upon written notice signed by a majority of the Members. [§1605(h)]

Section 9. Compliance with Open Meetings Law and Freedom of Information

Law. The Board and the Corporation shall comply with the provisions of the New York Open

Meetings Law and the New York Freedom of Information Law.

#### ARTICLE V – OFFICERS AND STAFF

#### Section 1. Officers.

The members of the Board of Directors shall select annually from among themselves a Chairman, a Vice-Chairman, a Treasurer, and such other officers as the Board may determine, and shall establish their duties as may be regulated by rules adopted by the Board. [§1605(d)]

# Section 2. <u>Administrative Organization.</u>

The Board may organize and reorganize the executive, administrative, clerical, and other departments of the Corporation and to fix the duties, powers, and compensation of all employees, agents, and consultants of the Corporation. [§1605(g)]

#### Section 3. Counsel and Staff.

A land bank may employ a secretary, an executive director, its own counsel and legal staff, and such technical experts, and such other agents and employees, permanent or temporary, as it may require, and may determine the qualifications and fix the compensation and benefits of such persons. A land bank may also enter into contracts and agreements with municipalities for staffing

services to be provided to the land bank by municipalities or agencies or departments thereof, or for a land bank to provide such staffing services to municipalities or agencies or departments thereof. [§1606]

# Section 4. Signing of Checks.

The Executive Director is authorized to issue and sign checks or otherwise authorize electronic payment to pay corporate obligations up to \$5,000.00 incurred in the ordinary course of business. The Executive Director, Chairman, Vice Chairman and Treasurer are authorized to issue and sign (two (2) signatures required) checks to pay corporate obligations greater than \$5,000.00. The Board of Directors may adopt such resolutions as may be appropriate to authorize one or more officers or the Executive Director to sign, without requiring any other signature, payroll checks and to authorize the officers to open accounts and to issue and sign checks without reference in such resolutions to the purposes of such accounts and checks.

#### ARTICLE VI

# POLICIES FOR ACQUISITION, USE AND DISPOSITION OF PROPERTY

#### Section 1. Compliance with Land Bank Act.

In its acquisition and disposition of property, the Corporation shall be subject to the Land Bank Act.

# Section 2. Compliance with Municipal Building Codes, Zoning Laws, and Land Use Controls and Intergovernmental Agreements.

The Corporation shall be subject to all applicable city, town and village building codes, zoning laws and land use controls in its use and disposition of real property owned by the Corporation, and to the terms and conditions of the Intergovernmental Cooperative Agreement. The Mayor and the Executive Director of Strategic Planning for the City of Buffalo shall be responsible for confirming that any proposed land banking activity within the City of Buffalo is in accordance with said codes, zoning laws, and land use controls of the City of Buffalo and shall provide written confirmation of such accordance prior to any land banking activity taking place.

#### Section 3. Consultation with Municipalities.

The Corporation shall actively consult with Erie County and the cities, towns and villages of Erie County with respect to the selection of properties to be acquired and policies, plans and procedures to the disposition of such properties within their respective geographic boundaries.

#### Section 4. Consent of Cities.

Recognizing that the Cities of Buffalo, Lackawanna and Tonawanda, as well as the County, possess their own tax liens on real property within their respective territories, the Corporation will not foreclosure on County tax liens or more generally exercise the {H4696114.1}

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powers granted by the Land Bank Act for acquisition of property at a tax foreclosure sale within a City over the written objection of the Mayor of such City.

## Section 5. Requests for Foreclosure.

Any town or village in Erie County may request that (a) the County transfer to the Corporation the County's tax lien on any tax delinquent real property within such town's or village's territory and (b) the Corporation foreclose on such lien, provided that the Corporation may require as a precondition to such foreclosure that the requesting town or village agree to submit a bid for the property at the foreclosure sale. The Corporation may accept a deed in lieu of foreclosure on such property; and it may convey the property to the requesting town or village in exchange for payment of the amount of the lien, including interest, costs and penalties.

### Section 6. Redevelopment Plans.

Subject to Sections 2 and 3 above, and after consultation with the specific municipalities affected, the Board of Directors may adopt redevelopment plans for properties held or to be disposed of by the Corporation within the respective territories of such municipalities.

#### ARTICLE VII – INDEMNIFICATION

The Corporation shall indemnify any person made, or threatened to be made, a party to an action or proceeding by reason of the fact that such person or his testator or intestate is or was a director or officer of the Corporation, or (to the extent not indemnified thereby) served any other corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust, employee benefit plan or other enterprise at the request of the Corporation in the capacity of officer or director in the case of actions in the right of the Corporation and in any capacity in the case of all other actions, against judgments, fines, amounts paid in settlement, and reasonable expenses, including attorneys'

fees, in the manner and to the full extent allowed by the Not-for-Profit Corporation Law, provided that no such indemnification shall be required with respect to any settlement or other non-adjudicated disposition of any threatened or pending action or proceeding unless the Corporation has given its prior consent to such settlement or other disposition. The Corporation is authorized to the full extent allowed by the Not-for-Profit Corporation Law to purchase and maintain insurance to indemnify the Corporation for any obligation which it incurs as a result of the indemnification of directors and officers under the provisions of the Not-for-Profit Corporation Law, to indemnify directors and officers in instances in which they may be indemnified by the Corporation under the provisions of the Not-for-Profit Corporation Law, and to indemnify the directors and officers in instances in which they may not otherwise be indemnified under the provisions of the Not-for- Profit Corporation Law. [§§722, 723]

The Corporation shall not indemnify any person if a judgment by a court of competent jurisdiction or other final adjudication adverse to the indemnified person (or to the person whose actions are the basis for the action or proceeding) establishes that such person's acts were committed in bad faith or were the result of active and deliberate dishonesty and were material to the cause of action so adjudicated or that he or she personally gained in fact a financial profit or other advantage to which he or she was not legally entitled.

# <u>ARTICLE VIII – FISCAL YEAR</u>

The fiscal year of the Corporation shall start January 1 and expire December 31.

## <u>ARTICLE IX – CONSTRUCTION</u>

If there be any conflict between the provisions of the Certificate of Incorporation and these By-Laws, the provisions of the Certificate of Incorporation shall govern. Except for \( \frac{3}{21}/2024 \)

Article VI, §4, nothing in these By-Laws shall be construed to limit the powers or duties conferred upon the Corporation by the Land Bank Act or any other applicable provision of law.

# <u>ARTICLE X – AMENDMENT</u>

These By-Laws may be amended by the affirmative vote of at least a majority of the entire Board of Directors, as long as such amendment does not conflict with the Intergovernmental Municipal Agreement.